



All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Jodhpur

Indicative Syllabus for the Examination for the Post of Social Worker

(Syllabus is only indicative. The questions can assess any aspect of knowledge, aptitude, attitude and practical skills, which is expected from a trained person to work efficiently at the advertised post)

Section A

40% Questions to be based on General Aptitude from the following topics:-

General Intelligence & Reasoning: It would include questions of non-verbal type. The test will include questions on similarities and differences, space visualization, problem solving, analysis, judgment, decision making, visual memory, discriminating observation, relationship concepts, figure classification, arithmetical number series, non-verbal series etc. The test will also include questions designed to test the candidate's abilities to deal with abstract ideas and symbols and their relationship, arithmetical computation and other analytical functions.

Quantitative Aptitude: This paper will include questions on problems relating to Number Systems, Computation of Whole Numbers, Decimals and Fractions and relationship between Numbers, Fundamental arithmetical operations, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion, Averages, Interest, Profit and Loss, Discount, use of Tables and Graphs, Mensuration, Time and Distance, Ratio and Time, Time and Work, etc.

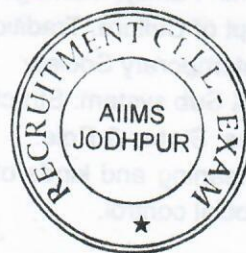
Computer Knowledge: Candidates' understanding of the Basics of Computer Knowledge, its parts, functions, emails, MS office, etc.

Section B

60% Questions to be based on Subject/Domain knowledge from the following topics:-

Framework: Social Welfare- The concept of Social Welfare: Concept, need and objectives. Philosophy of Social Welfare and Social work. Social welfare in historical perspective. Changing concepts and practices of social welfare in relation to social, economic and industrial development. Changing political philosophy and its impact on social welfare. Social Welfare and related terms:

- (1) Social Development
- (2) Social Planning and social administration
- (3) Social reform
- (4) Social Security
- (5) Social Policy
- (6) Social Action
- (7) Social justice
- (8) Social and welfare services
- (9) Social legislation
- (10) Human Rights Professional Social work an Introduction The concept of professional social work-alignment of scientific and humanitarian motives for promoting social welfare.



Framework: Social Welfare- The basic principles and values of professional social work and their relationship to the values of Indian Society. Evolution of professional social work in UK, USA. Evolution of Professional Social work in India. Social work as a profession. Nature and characteristics of a profession.

The basic values and Principles of professional social work. Professional status of Social work in India.
Code of ethics for social workers.
Methods of Social Work- Primary Methods of Social work, Secondary methods of Social work.
Integrated approach of social work. Interface between Professional and voluntary social work

Psychology and Mental Health: Fundamentals –

Mental Health & Psychology, Psychology: Definitions and Fields, Mental Health: Meaning, Definitions, Characteristics

Developmental Sociology:

Characteristics Normal & Abnormal Behaviour: Meaning, Characteristics.

Human Development: Heredity and Environment Meaning, Definition and scope of Mental Hygiene.

Characteristics and Importance of Mental Hygiene. Aims of Mental Hygiene. Principles of Mental Hygiene.

Programme of Mental Hygiene.

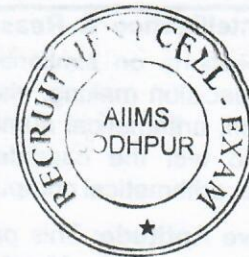
Developmental Stages

Developmental Stages I: Prenatal, Infancy.

Developmental Stages II: Babyhood, Childhood.

Developmental Stages III: Puberty, Adolescence, Adulthood.

Developmental Stages IV: Middle age, Old age.



Personality Development

1. Psycho-Sexual development theory: Sigmund Freud
2. Psychosocial development theory: Erick Erickson
3. Defence Mechanism
4. Perspectives of Psychopathology Unit, Social Psychology Nature and scope of social psychology. Attitude: nature and measurement of attitude prejudice and discrimination
Communication: concept, methods, skills in communication, major obstacles. Mass communication, public opinion, propaganda, fashion, social facilitation crowd behaviour.

Sociology: Theoretical Perspective-

Conceptual & Theoretical Perspectives to Understand Society

1. Society: Nature, Approaches, Functions, Theories of Society (Evolutionary, Cyclical, Conflict and Systems theories).
2. Social Group: Concept & Characteristics of Primary Group, Secondary Group, Reference Group.
3. Social Institutions: Family, Marriage, Kinship, Property (Present trends).
4. Culture: Concept of Culture, Traditions, Customs, Values and Norms Social System and Social Process of Contemporary Society
5. Social System & Sub system: Structure & Function, Classification of System.
6. Social Structures: Status & Role.

Social Process: Meaning and kinds of Social Interaction, Socialization, Cooperation, Conflict, Assimilation, Social control.